

ramadhan **OMANDAILYOBSERVER**







Italian piano maker sees craft threatened with extinction

t the age of 23, Luigi Borgato decided to build his first decided to build his first man grew his business into a prestiguous brand capable of attracting buyers from all over the world — until the coronavirus pandemic abruptly put a how the S8-year-old fears his ancient rade could disappear entirely in Italy, the country that invented the pianoforte at the end of the 17th century.

"Everything stopped, there are no more concerts, no more contacts with musicians. Without government assistance, our profession may not make it to the end of the pandemic, Borgato sail. On the pandemic, Borgato sail. One in Borgo Veneto. How the sail of the pandemic, but the sail of the pandemic, but the control of the pandemic, but the sail of the pandemic pandemic, but the sail of the pandemic, but the sail of the pandemic pande

- HANDCRAFTED -

HANDCRAFTED There is no one else in Italy, or even in the world making concert pianos by harman the more and the second second



more than 1,850 hours of work

Buyers are mostly from abroad, from
Switzerland, France, Germany, Austria
but also China, and are generally plano
for the state of the state of the state of the state of saying goodbye to the handcrafted
pianos.

There is always a beautiful part of
our life in each instrument that leaves,"
she said.

Her husband lamented that Italy does
not adequately recognise the craft of
piano making, despite it being the country where Padua's Bartolomeo Cristofori
invented the piano's ancestor, the pianoforte, in 1690.

Throughout Europe, small piano factories have gradually disappeared in
favour of large companies, which in
turn have been swallowed up by Asian
giants.

Boesendorfer, for example, has been
owned by Japan's Yamaha since 2008,
while Germany's Schimmel sold a
majority stake to China's Pearl River in
2016.

*A GREAT ACTOR WHISPERING'

In his workshop, Borgato meticulously takes measurements, then cuts, moulds and glues each part, from the soundboard in red spruce to the hammer heads covered with merino wool felt — at least 15,000 for a grand piano. After starting his career as a tuner in 1983, he and his wife travelled the world

to visit museums of musical instru-ments and study the history of the piano. In 1985, driving an old Renault 41, Borgato went to Berlin to visit his first piano factory, that of Bechstein. It was also in Germany that he drew inspiration for his first piano, after visit-ing the house in Bonn where Ludwig wan Beethoven was born in 1770.

The German composer's last instrument, he created a piano with four strings for the high notes instead of three, an idea he pat-ented.

In 1991, the French visitures. nted. In 1991, the French virtuoso Jean

ented.

In 1991, the French virtuoso Jean Guillou, who died two years ago, inaugurated this piano in the Church of Saint-Eustache in Paris, referring to its "young genius piano maker".

Since then, famous pianists such as Radu Lupu, Vladimir Ashkenazy or Jerome Rose have given recitals on Borgato pianos.

If the concerts have stopped due to coronavirus, the professional recordings continue.

During the lockdown last year, Italian pianist Francesco Libetta piayed all 35 sonata of Beethoven the 335-rgato pianos.

"This piano is gigantic, but the sound that emanates from it is very supple, very nuanced, and allows you to go easily from pianissimo to fortissimo," Libetta said.

"It's like a great actor whispering and the back row of the house can hear it